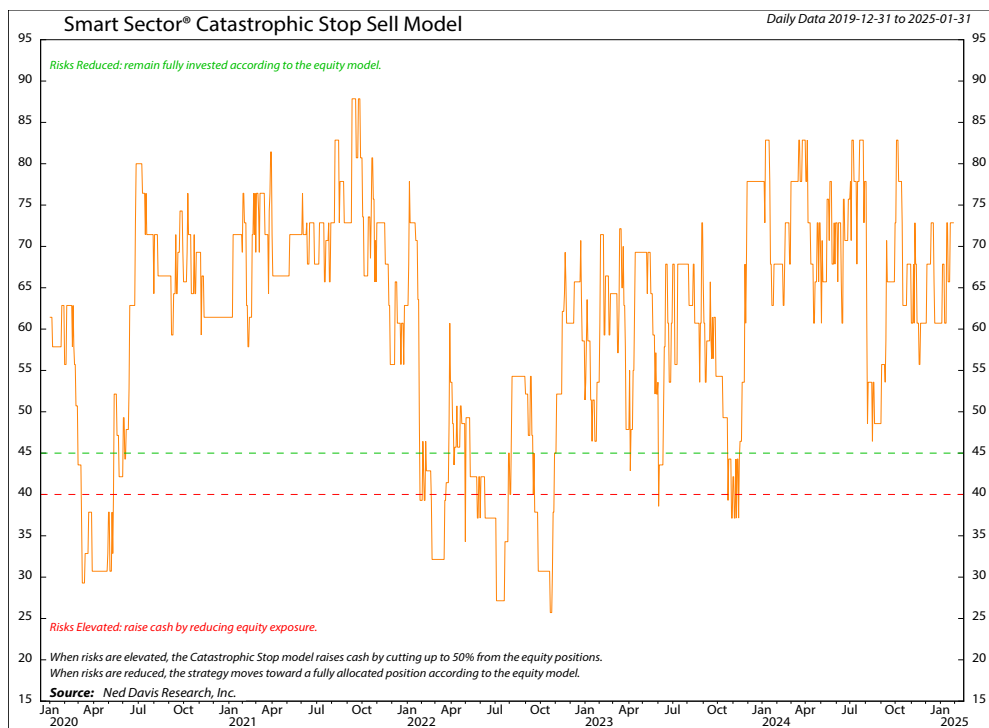


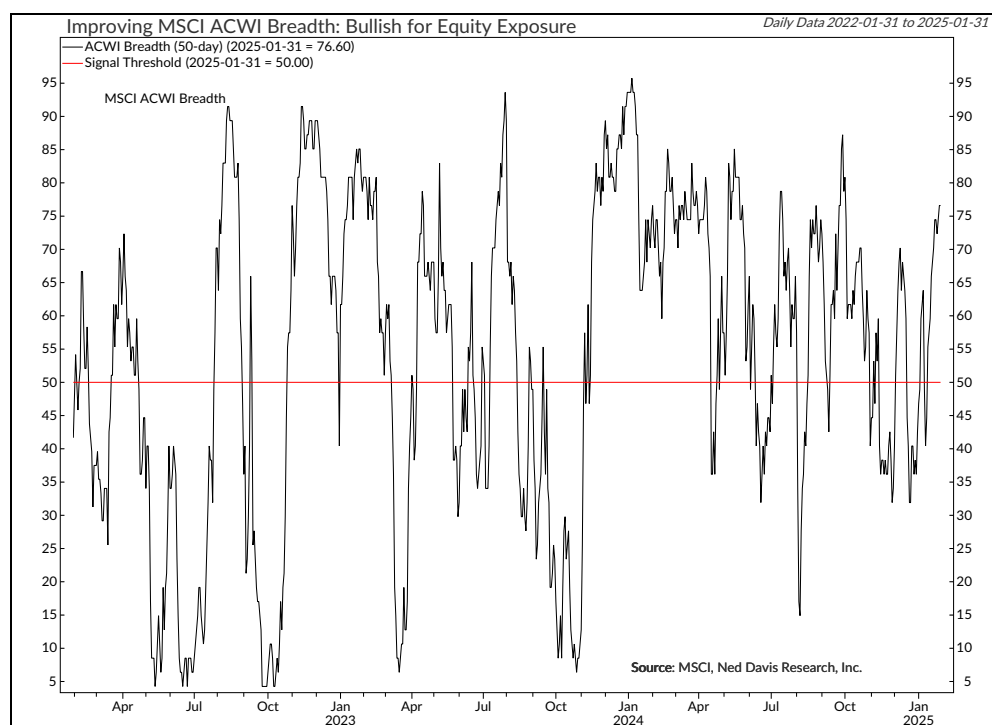
FEBRUARY 2025

Catastrophic Stop Update

The NDR Catastrophic Stop Sell model combines time-tested, objective indicators designed to identify high risk periods for the equity market. The model (chart right) improved during the month and entered February with a fully invested equity allocation recommendation.



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The higher reading from the model was driven by improvements in both global equity market breadth (chart left) and high-yield and emerging market bond breadth. Five of the seven price-based measures are now bullish. While high-yield option adjusted spreads remain bullish, short-term stock market sentiment remains neutral, and the Baltic Dry Index remains bearish. For now, the weight-of-the-evidence recommends a fully invested allocation to equity sectors according to the model.

U.S. Market Update

After a small pullback in December, the S&P 500 Total Return Index rebounded about 2.8% in January. Sector breadth improved sharply—10 of the 11 S&P 500 sectors had positive returns during the month. Technology was the only sector to post a negative return (chart below), led by drops in Nvidia (NVDA) and Apple (AAPL).

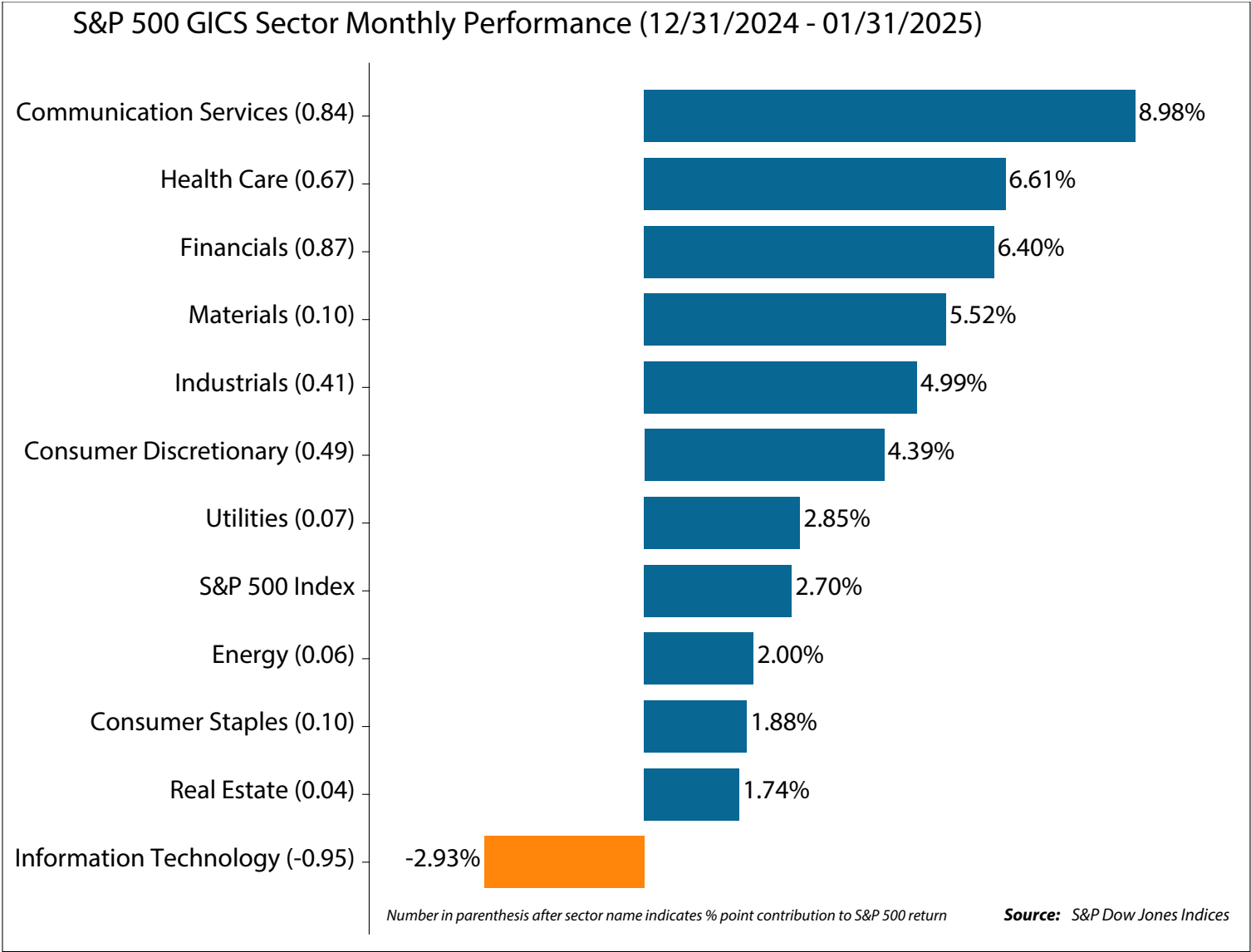
The market’s response to reports in late January that the Chinese company DeepSeek had engineered a cheaper AI solution was on some levels expected and on others less certain. Unsurprisingly, the potential for innovation to pierce the

moats around multi-trillion-dollar stocks with sky-high valuations resulted in NVDA posting the single biggest dollar decline by a stock on record.

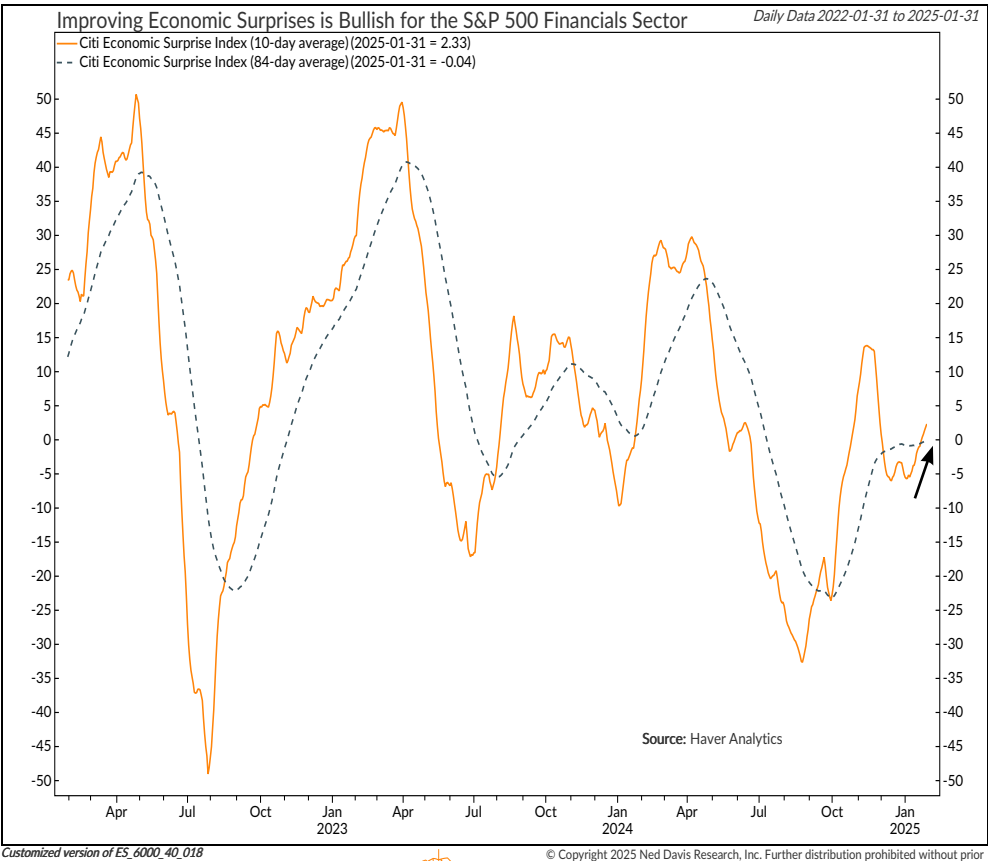
The S&P 500 fell 1.5% on Monday, January 27 but the NDR Multi-Cap Advance/Decline Line rose. The combination is rare. Only 11 times since 1980, the S&P 500 declined at least 1% on the same day the A/D Line rose. When this occurred, on average, the S&P 500 has posted above-average returns one month to one year later. Short-term breadth remains solid and is

a sign of market strength. While tariffs and immigration are risks to the economy and stock market, the weight-of-the-evidence continues to favor an overweight to stocks.

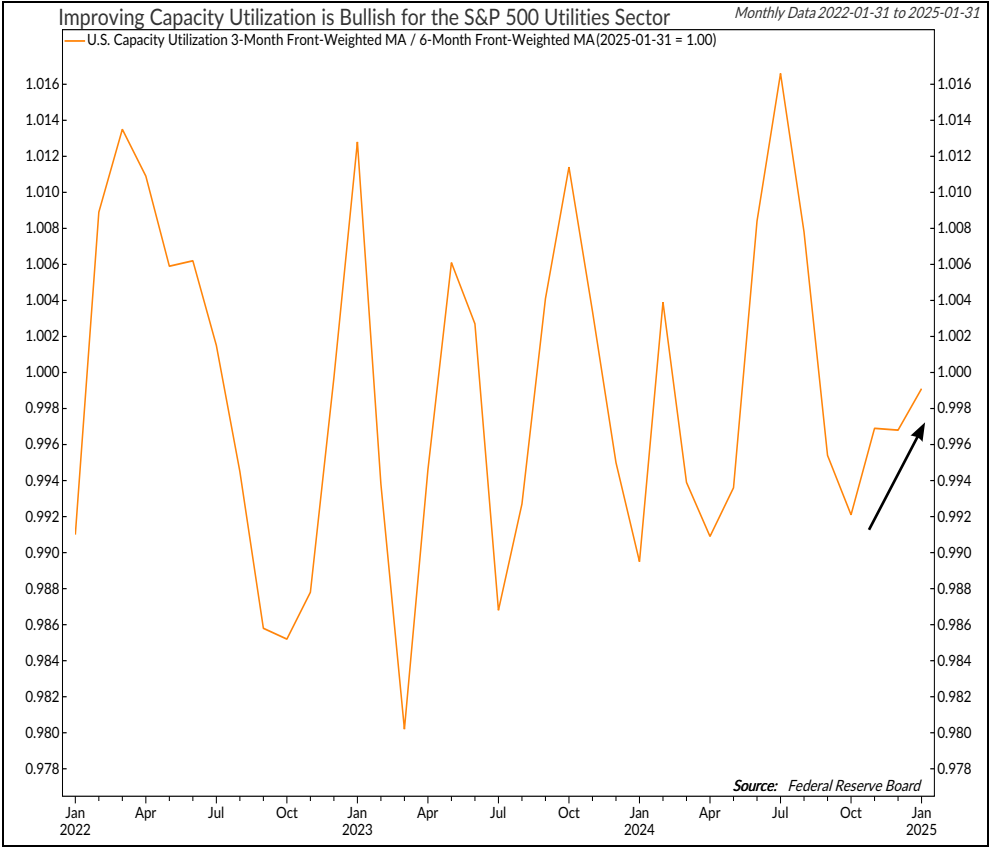
The sector model had some rotation this past month. Entering February, Financials, Health Care, Industrials, Consumer Discretionary, and Utilities are above benchmark weight. Energy improved to benchmark weight. Information Technology, Communication Services, Real Estate, Materials, and Consumer Staples are below benchmark weight.



The Financials sector's allocation is above benchmark weight. On a fundamental basis, indicators have improved for the sector as economic surprises (chart right) joined bullish readings from the trade-weighted dollar, business credit conditions, and the 10-2 yield curve. Bank loan growth and financials' option-adjusted spreads remain bearish. Technicals are confirming with four of six indicators at positive readings for the sector. During the month, 21-day volatility joined bullish readings from trend and momentum.



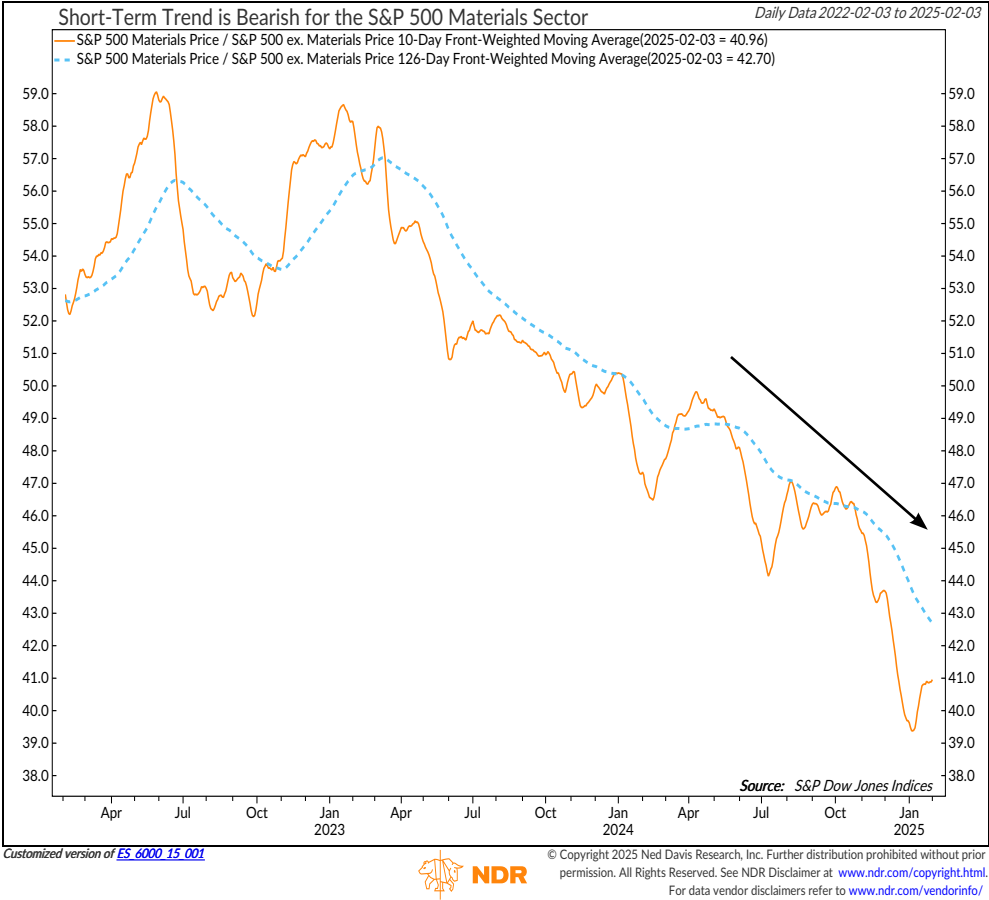
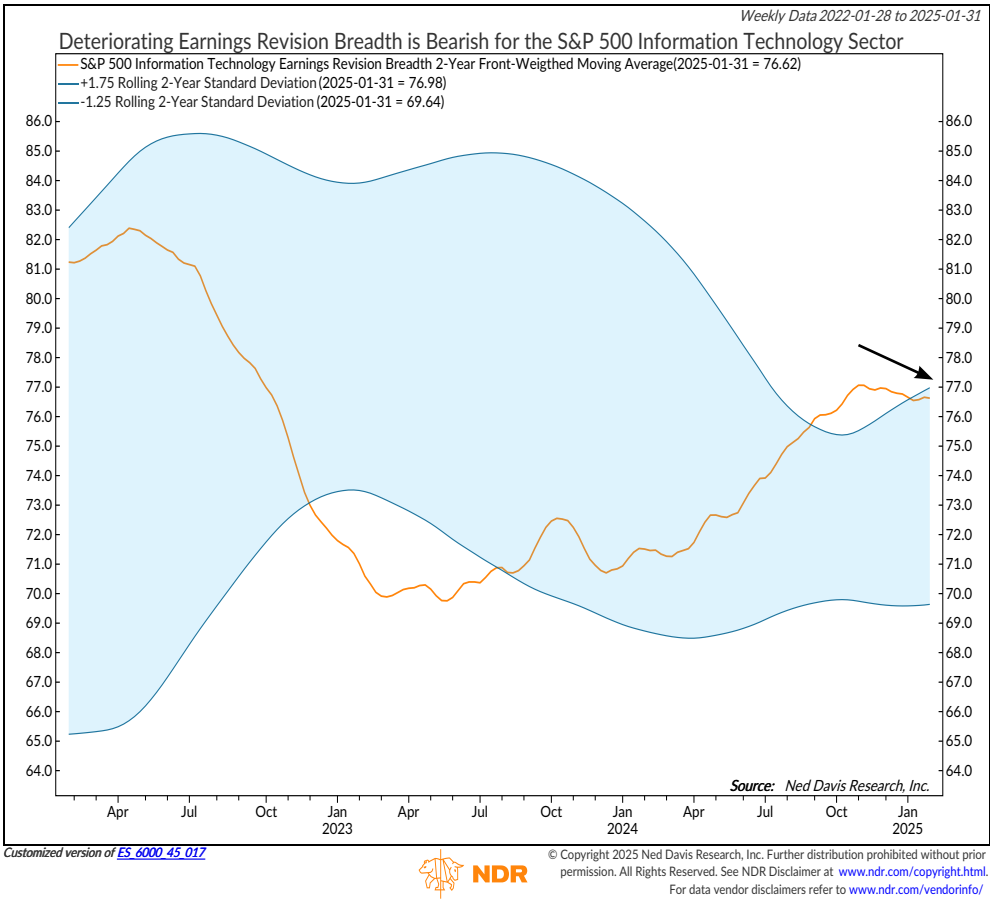
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The Utilities sector's allocation is above benchmark weight. On a fundamental basis, indicators have improved for the sector as capacity utilization (chart left) joined bullish readings from the manufacturing PMI, yield on utilities, copper/gold ratio, and relative valuation (measured by the median earnings yield vs. the 10-year Treasury yield). Technicals are confirming with four of seven indicators at positive readings for the sector. During the month, short-term breadth joined bullish readings from momentum and reversal measures.

The Information Technology sector's allocation dropped and is well below benchmark weight. Fundamentals are mixed with only two out of five measures at bullish levels—valuation (median sales yield basis) and Emerging Asia equities. Earnings revision breadth deteriorated to a bearish level during the month (chart right), joining market-based inflation expectations. All five technical measures (momentum, overbought/oversold, and breadth) are bearish.



The Materials sector's allocation is well below benchmark weight. On a fundamental basis, indicators are bearish. Silver and gold price momentum, industrial production for materials, emerging vs. developed equity momentum, natural gas futures mean reversion, and valuation (based on median earnings yield and median sales yield) are all at negative readings for the sector. Only copper price momentum is on a bullish signal. While two price-based measures flashed bullish signals, the overall weight-of-the-evidence leans bearish with negative readings from short-term trend (chart left), intermediate-term trend, and 100-day volatility.

Summary

The sector model had some rotation this past month. Entering February, Financials, Health Care, Industrials, Consumer Discretionary, and Utilities are above benchmark weight. Energy improved to benchmark weight. Information Technology, Communication Services, Real Estate, Materials, and Consumer Staples are below benchmark weight.

Strategy description

- The Smart Sector® with Catastrophic Stop strategy combines two Ned Davis Research quantitative investment strategies: The NDR Sector Allocation and the NDR Catastrophic Stop.

The process is based on the weight of the evidence

- The fund begins by overweighting and underweighting the S&P 500 sectors based on Ned Davis Research's proprietary sector models.
- Each of the sector models utilize sector-specific, weight-of-the-evidence composites of fundamental, economic, technical, and behavioral indicators to determine each sector's probability of outperforming the S&P 500.
- Sectors are weighted accordingly relative to benchmark weightings.

When market risks become extraordinarily high — reduce your portfolio risk

- When risks are elevated, the NDR Catastrophic Stop Sell (CSS) model raises cash by up to 50% from the equity positions.
- The NDR CSS model combines time-tested, objective indicators designed to identify periods of high risk for the broad U.S. equity market. The model uses price-based, breadth, deviation from trend, fundamental, economic, interest rate, behavioral and volatility-based indicator composites.

When market risks return to normal — put your money back to work

- When risks are reduced, the strategy moves toward a fully allocated position, according to the NDR CSS model.

For more information, please contact:

Day Hagan Asset Management

1000 S. Tamiami Trl

Sarasota, FL 34236

Toll Free: (800) 594-7930

Office Phone: (941) 330-1702

Website: <https://dayhagan.com/> or <https://dhfunds.com/>

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